

Grammar - the Interrogative and the Indefinite Pronouns

The Interrogative Pronouns ask questions :

Eg. Who did that ? Whom did the dog bite ? Whose book is it ?

To whom did you give it ? Who are they ? What did he do ?

The Indefinite Pronouns are usually best translated as someone, something, anyone, a certain person.

The difference between the Interrogative and the Indefinite Pronouns in Greek is that the Interrogative Pronouns have an accent, and the sentence ends with a Greek question mark ;

Masculine and Feminine have identical endings.

	Masculine/Feminine		Neuter
Singular			
Nom	τίς who ?		τί what ?
Acc	τίνα whom ?		τί what ?
Gen	τίνος whose ?		τίνος of what ?
Dat	τίνι to, for, by, with, from, whom ?		τίνι to, for, by, with, from what ?
Plural			
Nom	τίνες who ?		τίνα what ?
Acc	τίνας whom ?		τίνα what ?
Gen	τίνων whose ?		τίνων of what ?
Dat	τίσιν to, for, by, with, from whom ?		τίσιν to, for, by, with, from what ?

	Masculine/Feminine		Neuter
Singular			
Nom	τις someone		τι something
Acc	τινα someone		τι something
Gen	τινος someone's		τινος something's
Dat	τινι to, for, by, with, from, someone		τινι to, for, by, with, from something
Plural			
Nom	τινες some people		τινα some things
Acc	τινας some people		τινα some things
Gen	τινων some people's		τινων somethings'
Dat	τισιν to, for, by, with, from some people		τισιν to, for, by, with, from somethings

The Indefinite Relative Pronoun "whoever" is a combination of **ὅς** and **τις**

In the New Testament it is found mainly in the Nominative :

Singular **ὅστις** **ἥτις** **ὅτι** Plural **οἵτινες** **αἵτινες** **ἅτινα**